



Theory and Simulation: Overview and Plans

R.C. Fernow BNL

MUTAC Review FNAL

16 March 2006







- overview of simulation activities in NFMCC
- present some neutrino factory front-end results
- discuss our near-term simulation plans





NFMCC simulation activities (1)

- (1) perform design simulations for future muon-based facilities
- neutrino factory
- muon collider

major facility design areas

- proton driver
- target
- front-end
- acceleration
- storage or collider ring





NFMCC simulation activities (2)

- (2) related simulation efforts inside the collaboration
- MICE experiment (ionization cooling)
- MERIT experiment (liquid targetry)
- RF breakdown
- solid target shock
- small ring coolers
- (3) Muons Inc
- separate effort funded by SBIR
- main focus on low-emittance muon colliders
- active collaboration within NFMCC







- Study 2a = design written up in APS Joint Study on the Future of Neutrino Physics (2004)
- this is an update on NFMCC Neutrino Factory Study 2 (2001) contained some BNL site-specific aspects
- new front end design
 adiabatic RF bunching and phase rotation
 simplified cooling channel
- new accelerator design with A_T = 30 mm rad dog-bone RLA
 FFAG accelerators
- Study 2b = design written up in PRSTAB **9**,011001 (2006)





Recent simulation highlights

 participation in International Scoping Study aim to focus and consolidate neutrino factory machine options workshops

> CERN in September 2005 BNL in December 2005 KEK in January 2006

- enhanced interest in muon colliders successful LEMC workshop February 2006 two new schemes based on bunch coalescence
- machine design publications in Phys. Rev. STAB

RFOFO cooling ring http://prst-

ab.aps.org/abstract/PRSTAB/v8/i6/e061003

Study 2a neutrino factory design <a href="http://prst-

ab.aps.org/abstract/PRSTAB/v9/i1/e011001





MUTAC meeting simulation guide

- many simulation topics will be covered at this review
- ISS neutrino factory results to date

```
comparison of neutrino factory schemes (R. Palmer) π production (H. Kirk) phase rotation & bunching (D. Neuffer) acceleration (S. Berg) storage rings (C. Johnstone)
```

• muon collider

```
collider schemes with bunch merging (R. Palmer) collider simulations (D. Summers)
Muons Inc. (R. Johnson)
```

• experiment-related simulations

```
targetry (R. Samulyak, N. Simos)
MICE (A. Blondel)
RF breakdown (J. Norem)
```





ISS front-end tasks

- 1. compare performance of existing neutrino factory schemes overview (R. Palmer)
- 2. evaluate implications of reduced rf gradient ←
- 3. search for optimized front-end systems

```
optimum beam-target combination (H. Kirk) combined phase rotation and cooling (D. Neuffer) spiral cooling channel (D. Summers) effect of curved rf windows 

Study 2a missing cavity sensitivity
```

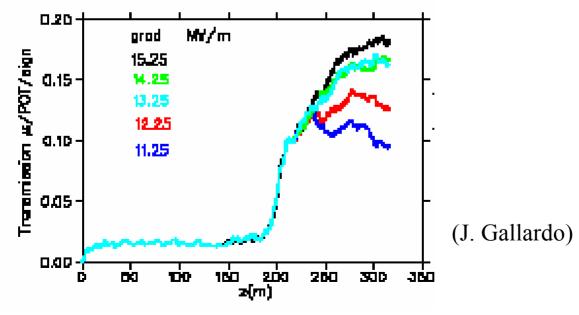
- 4. trade-off of cooling versus accelerator acceptance
- 5. evaluate suitability of windows/absorbers for 2 signs, 4 MW ←





Effect of reduced rf gradient

- what if we can't achieve 15.25 MV/m in a magnetic field?
- operation with 2/3 gradient reduces performance by 20% compensated by adjusting amount of absorber and rf phase
- another study assumed construction gives distribution of gradients best to put highest gradients at start of channel
 12 full gradient cavities restored performance loss

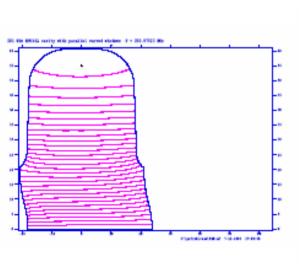


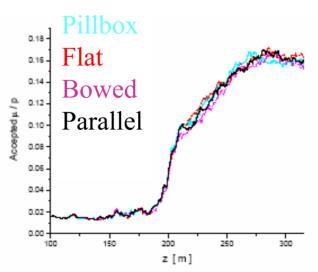


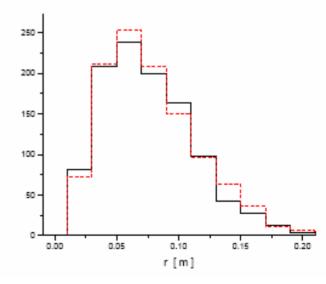


Effect of curved rf windows

- Study 2a used flat rf windows
- actual curved windows introduce radial electric fields peak E_R is 17% of peak E_Z near corner of the window
- used SuperFish fields with real curved windows
- saw no significant change in front-end performance
 6% loss reducing window radius from 25 → 21 cm
 (Study 2a → MUCOOL cavity shape)







16 March 2006

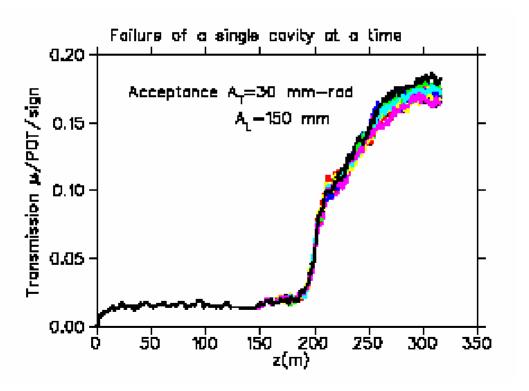
R. Fernow – MUTAC at FNAL





Failure of an rf cavity in Study 2a

- looked at failure of single cavities in rotator or cooling channel
- find $\sim 3\%$ loss in μ_A/p



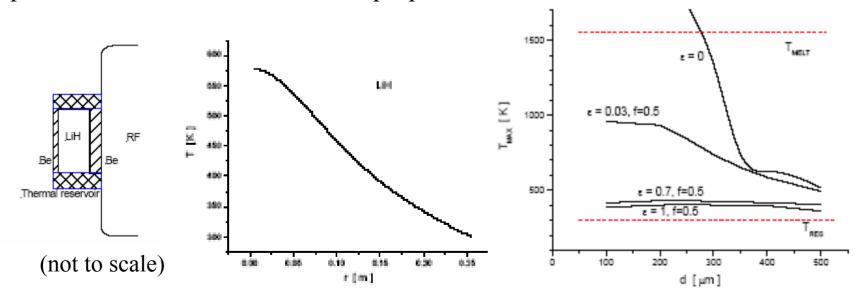
(J. Gallardo)





Heating in Study 2a absorber window

- Study 2a neutrino factory design keeps both μ signs
- gives more heating in absorber windows
- this 1-D calculation shows design with conduction cooling possible for 1 MW p beam
- 3-D finite element analysis will be done
- have scheme with flowing He gas if additional cooling needed
- experimental measurements on LiH proposed at MTA





Near-term plans



• neutrino factory

continue investigating refinements to Study 2a finish work on International Scoping Study (NuFact06) begin new design work based on ISS conclusions?

• muon collider

continue investigation of more NF-compatible schemes

bunch coalescence

spiral cooling channels and cooling rings

final cooling using 50 T solenoids

collaborate with Muons Inc on the very low emittance approach



Summary



- have active program of simulation work
- our major emphasis has been neutrino factory
 - Study 1 → Study 2 → Study 2a → Study2b → ISS
- longer term interest in a muon collider
- continued to make progress in all areas last year
- plan to continue this work in the coming year